

NO 278

1 d4 CHAS. E. HAMMETT, JR.

Republican State Convention.

The Republican Electors of the State of Rhode Island, are invited to unite in convention, at the State House, Providence, on Tuesday, February 15th, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of nominating a ticket for the purpose of electing a Representative to Congress, and a Senator to the United States Senate.

THOMAS DAVIS, Chairman.

R. R. HAZARD, Jr., Secretary.

Congressional Convention.

The Republican Electors of the State of Rhode Island are invited to unite in convention, at the State House, Providence, on Tuesday, February 15th, at 7 p.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the Eastern District in Congress.

THOMAS DAVIS, Chairman.

R. R. HAZARD, Jr., Secretary.

There will be a meeting of the Republican Executive Committee, at the counting room of Hazard & Caswell, 102, Thames-st., THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at 7-1/2 o'clock, by order OLIVER READ, Chairman.

R. R. HAZARD, Jr., Secretary.

Large Anticipations.

Conversing with an intelligent citizen of Fall River a day or two since, he expressed to us his conviction that the time was not far distant in the future, when that city would become a great commercial depot for New York and Boston. The theory, which is by no means a new one—is this: The two great cities last named, are becoming, in a commercial as well as a social point of view, overstocked, and the time is drawing nigh when there will not be room in their warehouses to deposit the immense stocks of goods which the merchants find it necessary to keep constantly on hand, in order to be able to supply the country trade at short notice, and to any extent required. Now while land in New York and Boston is held at such prices that it takes almost as many dollars to buy a foot as would cover it in silver, in Fall River there is plenty of it and held at a reasonable price, while the shores of the latter city are admirably adapted, for an extent of four miles, to wharfe purposes, and its waters are of sufficient depth to admit vessels of the largest class. The arrangement will be, they tell us, to transport goods from ports in Europe by steamer to Fall River, where, in large warehouses constructed to receive them, they will be stored till wanted in New York or Boston, and then transported thither by steamer or railroad, as the case may be. We ventured to suggest Newport as a much more favorable point, from its superior advantages of accessibility. The gentleman admitted that were Newport connected with Boston by a continuous iron rail, it would doubtless be the point decided on; but such a connection did not now exist, and judging from present appearances, never would, as there were difficulties in the way which the people here would not have the courage to attempt.

THE RELIEF SERVICE.

Now that Winter is more than half gone and the season for ocean storms nearly over, and after several vessels in distress have been succored by pilot boats, at a heavy expense to the owners and underwriters; in short, after three months have elapsed of the most severe storms and heavy weather at sea ever experienced by the oldest mariners, Government has at last waked up to a vague notion that it should do something toward the relief of vessels coming on our coast in distress. And what does it do? Why, it just goes and fits out a schooner of 180 tons, puts three Lieutenants and 25 men on board, with a stock of provisions for a cruise, and forsooth before she has been at sea six days, she becomes disabled herself and is obliged to put into Newport for repairs!

And this schooner, which under the most favorable circumstances could not make over twelve knots an hour, is detailed for the whole several hundred miles of coast extending from Nantucket Shoals to Cape May. A perfect piece of folly; for where there is any chance that she may fall in with a vessel in distress, there are twenty that she may not. We venture to say that the New York pilot boats will relieve ten vessels to the cutter's one during the whole of the latter's cruise. Sending a sail vessel out on such an errand, loses very much like sending a dozen men off on foot to succor a disabled railroad train forty miles distant.

What the service needs, in one or more screw steamers, with coal sufficient to remain out say a week. With such there would be a tolerable chance of vessels getting assistance from that source. By constant cruising, there is a bare possibility of the Washington falling in sometime with a disabled vessel, but the chances are very small.

WHICH ARE THE VESSELS?

This is the question that is asked by every day in the streets by those who have noticed a falling off in those published in our *Marine Journal* not from the number published during the summer and Fall months, which were more than two to one in comparison with those of the past few months, and this too, when the balance of good weather is largely in favor of the summer months.

The answer to this question lies in the fact that a very large proportion of the sailing vessels, which during the summer are engaged in freighting coal, sugar, &c., from the Eastern and Western ports, have been laid up for the winter. At least there are some twenty vessels laid up by winter, as a season some twenty or thirty; and at New Bedford some fifty. Times at Fall River and New Bedford are principally Eastern vessels, sailing from New York and other ports on the Cape. And to these hundreds laid up in the lumbering ports further east, and the other hundreds in ports on the Long Island and Connecticut shores, at Cape May and the Jersey ports, and we

have the answer to the question Where are the vessels? It will be noticed that a large majority of coasters that have made a harbor here during the month or two past, have been vessels trading between Boston and Southern ports; with now and then one in the New York trade.

LOCAL.

Mr. Hazard's Pamphlet Answer.

We clip the following from the *Boston Transcript* of the 26th inst. It certainly shows that the work which is now "all the talk" in this State, has created quite a sensation abroad:

About a year ago a most worthy citizen of the State of Rhode Island published a pamphlet on a law case which has "exercised" the people of Newport and Providence greatly, the last three years—that of *Ives vs. Hazard*. There were some keen home-thrusts in the tract; the writer is fearless as he is honest, and he cares for neither wealth nor judicial pretensions, if he can only make the truth appear. In reply to this hazardous attack, there came out what purported to be a report of the said case, with a few annotations, and among the latter, the author of the *expose*, before mentioned, was stigmatized as a *monomaniac*. How unfortunately, in this land of liberty, we have no regular Commission of Lunacy, and every man charged with being of unsound mind is bound to prove himself not so. Dr. Johnson used to say that no man is wholly sane; but Mr. Thomas R. Hazard, in his reply just published, being number two of his strictures on the aforesaid case of *Ives vs. Hazard*, certainly shows that, if mad, there is an extraordinary method in his madness. We advise all those interested in the study of the law, its administration in Rhode Island; or in the study of human nature—Providence human nature, in particular—to read this vigorous commentary, by a lover of justice, on the law, evidence, legislation, and personal conduct involved in this case.

The pamphlet is entitled "A Letter addressed to Robert H. Ives, in reply to his published statements in relation to the Case in Equity *Ives vs. Hazard*." It is published by Geo. T. Hammond, Newport, I. I. Whatever may be the opinions of individuals of the merits of the particular questions at issue, there are some documentary evidences of meanness, malice, chicanery and corruption, which deserve and challenge explanation—and, if possible, reutation—for they are intimately blended with the welfare of society and the reputation of prominent men, as well as the administration of justice and the claims of Christian civilization. It is a tangled web, but Mr. T. R. Hazard seems determined to unravel it, and he has become the voluntary expositor of the matter—from no personal interest, but from the love of justice and a laudable sense of public duty. Independent of other attractions, the new pamphlet is a curious chapter in the social life of Rhode Island, and a piquant illustration of the process of buying, selling, land, transferring titles and deeds, arbitrating, etc., in the city of Newport.

LECTURE BY REV. MR. BROWN.

Rev. Mr. Brown, of Zion Church, will deliver the eighth lecture of the course before the Newport Musical Institute, in Narragansett Hall, next Monday evening. Such is Mr. Brown's reputation as a literary man and a speaker, that we feel an assurance the community will need no urging to attend the lecture Monday night.

MR. EDITOR.

We were very much pleased with the poetical effusion, descriptive of a scene in India, which appeared in the *Daily News* of Wednesday. The production reflected much credit to the writer; and we hope your columns will be frequently enriched from the same intellectual depository.

Cutler.

POSTPONED.

The lecture to have been given by George Brewster, Esq., before Hercules Engine Co. No. 7 last evening, was postponed, on account of the unpropitious appearance of the weather, to Thursday evening of next week.

MASONIC.

The Installation of the Officers of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, will take place on Monday evening, Jan. 31st, at 7 P. M.—and the supper at 9 P. M. The tickets for the supper—admitting a Brother of the Order and two ladies, will be \$1 25—to be had at Tilly's.

BEAUTIFUL OPERATION.

The mail from Boston hence yesterday morning, was returned to this Post Office yesterday afternoon, *unopened*. Thus we had a mail from Boston yesterday, and yet we didn't. This is the third time, at least, that this has been done within two months, and that Boston Post Office should be presented with an elaborate leather medal.

LECTURE BY REV. MR. LYON.

Rev. Mr. Lyon, of the South Methodist Church, will lecture before Hercules Engine Co. No. 7, on Monday evening of next week, at their hall on Howard street.

There will be service in the Mill Street Church, to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock.

A prize fight, for \$1,000, came off recently, on Point Island, Tex., between an American and Spaniard. They fought 31 rounds in two hours and ten minutes, when the Spaniard succumbed to the super powers of the American. This is a cheering proof of the rapid progress of the Lone Star State in the Fine Arts.

J. H. Hancock and a friend were crossing the Merrimack river, at Amesbury, on Friday, when the ice gave way, and the swift current carried their horse and sleigh under the bridge, nearly sweeping by, and leaving broken pieces of ice. Mr. Hancock saved nothing from his team except the whip in his hand.

A most villainous attempt at poisoning was made on the family of Wm. Colburn, near the town of New Bedford, on Tuesday last. Aroost was put in a box of bread, and fourteen persons were injured by eating it.

The late Senator Benton said that the State was a good country, and always was, and always will be, the best country in the world. The saying, said Mr. B., has already indicated the central route for a railroad to the Pacific.

The editor of the *Medina Gazette* tells of a skunk being captured in a house by a dog, with the result of disgust to the dog. The terrible scent was neutralized by burning tar upon live coals of fire, by which the air was purified as if by magic.

Mr. Edmund Thompson, of Bridgeport, Conn., has caught in a trap, an American Eagle, of the largest size—measuring 5 feet and 1 inch from tip of tip of the wing. It is said to be a magnificent specimen.

A Glasgow paper says, one thousand cab and omnibus horses are annually driven to death in the city of Glasgow.

XXXVTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Jan. 26.

The Senate refused to admit Messrs. Lane and McCarthy, the claimants of the Indiana seats, to the privilege of the floor. All the remaining amendments to the Pacific Railroad bill were lost, and the final vote will be taken 27th.

In the House, a report was made adverse to the bill permitting creditors to sue the Government in the Court of Claims. A bill was reported to punish forgery of land warrants. A joint resolution, instructing the Government to procure from foreign countries a modification of their revenue systems in respect to American tobacco, with a view to the removal of present restrictions, was passed. The Homestead bill, introduced by Mr. Kelcey of New York, was referred to the Committee of the Whole. Mr. Grow urged the force of Gen. Jackson's principle, that the public lands should be dedicated to the use of actual settlers, and gave notice that he should ask a vote to-morrow. The consideration of the Consular and Diplomatic bill was resumed in Committee. The pending amendment, forbidding the expenditure for the support and education of the reaped Africans, was rejected. Mr. Crawford of Georgia, then moved that the appropriations for this purpose be cut down from \$75,000 to \$45,000. An exciting debate followed. The First-Admiral denounced the President for his conduct in the matter of the Echo, and stigmatized all acts of Congress in suppression of the slave-trade as unconstitutional and impugning piracy to their constituents. "Conservative" Southerners took a more moderate, if less logical view of the general question. Northern Democrats and Virginians cried, "Softly; softly; not just now. Wait till the question is properly before us." Finally, the clause making an appropriation to enable the President to carry out his contract with the Colonization Society, was stricken out. The subject will be re-opened when the bill comes before the House.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, Jan. 27.

Senate.

Mr. Thurston, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back the petition of William P. Salisbury to adopt child; which was read and passed.

Mr. Greene, from the Committee on Finance, to which was referred the report of the Quartermaster General, reported the same back, recommending the concurrence of the Senate in the allowance of certain bills, which recommendation was adopted.

Mr. Ames presented the petition of Amos C. Barstow for an act to incorporate the Barstow Store Company; which was received and referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Ames presented the petition of Philip A. Doyle for discharge of recognizance; which was received and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Ames, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back the petition of Henry Northup, which, on recommendation of the Committee, was taken from the files and referred to the Governor.

Mr. Greene, from the Committee on Finance, reported back the report of the Secretary of State on the preservation of the Public Archives, with a recommendation made for the same; which was adopted.

Mr. Greene, from the same committee, reported a resolution to allow the Secretary of State compensation for his services in arranging the public documents; which was read and passed.

Various bills and reports received from the House were referred to their appropriate committees.

Mr. Bayley, from the Committee on Education, reported back the report of the Commissioner of Public Schools; which was ordered to be communicated to the House.

The same committee submitted a resolution for printing 800 copies of the report of the Commissioner of Public Schools for general circulation, in addition to the copies printed for the schedule; which was passed.

The annual report of the State Auditor, received from the House, was read in part, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Ames submitted an act in addition to chapter 17, title IV, of the Revised Statutes, "Of the State Auditor and returns to him," which was read and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Ames, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported an act to amend chapter 157, section 4, of the Revised Statutes, "Of the witnesses, depositions and evidence," which was read and passed.

The petition of Benjamin C. Mawney and others, to prevent seining and trapping in the waters of Graving Cove, was reported back by Mr. Ames, from the Committee on the Judiciary; and the accompanying act passed to a second reading.

Mr. Bayley presented an act in amendment of chapter 69 of the Revised Statutes, "Of the Normal School, Teachers' Institutes, and Lectures," which was received and passed to a second reading.

This act authorizes the School Commissioner to expend a portion of the appropriation made by law for lectures, to the distribution of some school journal published in this State.

Adjourned.

House of Representatives.

Mr. Sheffield, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a resolution authorizing Edward Snow of Providence to take the name of Edward W. Warren Snow; a resolution authorizing Nesbit J. Jones and wife of Providence to adopt Adeline Jones as their own child; which were severally read and passed.

Mr. Wenton, from the Committee on Finance, reported an act requiring banks and institutions for savings to make annual, instead of semi-annual returns to the State Auditor; which was passed to a second reading, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. The bill was subsequently reported by that committee, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Van Zandt (Mr. Hayes of Providence in the chair) the memorial of George H. Culver and others, in relation to the Supreme Court, the petition of Charles T. Hazard for a new trial by jury, was taken from the Committee on the Judiciary and referred to the special committee on these subjects.

Mr. Ballou, from the select committee to which was referred the memorial of Ansel E. Bradley, claiming to have been elected eleventh representative from the city of Providence, made an adverse report thereon.

On motion of Mr. Sheffield of Newport, the report was adopted and the petitioner had leave to withdraw.

Mr. Sheffield of Newport, pursuant to previous notice, introduced a bill in amendment of an act in relation to poor persons imprisoned for debt; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Ballou, from the Committee on Corporations, reported a resolution continuing, until the next session of the General Assembly, the petition of George Pearce and others for the passage of an act incorporating the Bristol Ferry Steamboat Company; which was read and passed.

Mr. Ballou, from the Committee on Corporations, reported an act amending the charter of the Bristol Ferry Steamboat Company; an act amending the charter of the Bank of America in Providence; which were read and passed.

Mr. Saunders, from the Committee on Finance, made an adverse report on the petition of Josiah R. Pearce, praying for losses sustained by the blunders of Chas. T. Little, dealer of weights and measures in the city of Providence.

On the motion of Mr. King of North Providence, the petition was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, with instructions to enquire what further legislation is needed upon the subject of weights and measures.

Mr. Sanford of Providence, pursuant to previous notice, introduced a bill regulating fees and costs in certain cases; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Sheffield, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported an act from the Senate in relation to the arrangement and passage of public laws; which was read and passed in concurrence.

Mr. Staples of Barrington gave notice that he should, on some subsequent day, ask leave to introduce a bill amending the act in relation to the militia.

Mr. Pierce of Johnston presented the petition of Daniel A. Sweet and others for an act of incorporation under the name of the First Baptist Church of Johnston; which was received and referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Manchester of Fall River gave notice that he should, on some subsequent day, ask leave to introduce a bill amending the act in relation to repairing highways and bridges.

Mr. Johnson of Coventry presented the memorial of J. M. H. Dow and others of that town, asking for the abolition of colored schools; which was received, read and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Ballou, from the Committee on Corporations, reported a resolution continuing, until the next session of the General Assembly, the petition of the Rhode Island and Connecticut Turnpike Society for an act of incorporation; which was read and passed.

Adjourned.

MARRIED.

In this city, 27th, by Rev. S. Adlam, Mr. William C. Tennant, Jr., and Miss Elizabeth C. daughter of Mr. John W. Easton, all of this city.

In this city, 26th, by Rev. C. T. Brooks, Charles Frederick Lawrence, of New York, to Miss Anna Elizabeth of Greenfield, Mass.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, Jan. 26.

ARRIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

FROM

Daniel Duffell, Finley, of and from Boston for N.Y.

FROM

Herbert Manton, of Barnstable, Lambert, Boston for Richmond, Va.

FROM

Mary Farnsworth, Haskell, of and from Boston for Richmond, Va.

FROM

Eliza, of Columbia, Crowell, Prov for Wilmington, N.C.

FROM

Trinco, of Boston, Baker, N.Y. for Salem.

FROM

Mary Mankin, Beers, Boston, of and for N.Y.

FROM

Lejok, of Ellsworth, Moore, Doby Island (12 days) for Boston.

FROM

Maine, of Crossby, Eastport for N.Y.

FROM

Melbourne, Hunt, Rockland for Richmond, Va.

FROM

George T. Green, Green, Boston for Phil. Bion, of Provincetown, Davis, Salem for Richmond, Va.

FROM

Paul, Rockland for N.Y.

FROM

Wm. W. Thorne, Davis, of and from Fall River, for New York.

FROM

James Lawrence, Rogers, Fall River, of and for New York.

FROM

Nothing sailed—wind S to NNW—blowing heavy, with rain.

IN PORT.

FROM

Isardson, of Bowdoinham, Douglas, Prov for Apalachicola.

FROM

Henry Warren, of Bath, Chase, Prov for Havana.

FROM

Hudson, Waterman, F. River for N.Y.

FROM

Maria Louisa, Cummings, F. River for N.Y.

FROM

Wenonah, of Colliasset, Stacy, Bristol for Matanzas.

FROM

John, Sheldon, South Pier for N.Y.

FROM

Ada Herliot, of Wellfleet, Higgins, Boston for Bangor.

FROM

S. D. Sander, of Barnstable, Freeman, Portland for Bangor.

FROM

Benjamin D. Prince, of Turn, Freeman, Boston for Bangor.

FROM

Dashing Wave, of Wellfleet, Freeman, Portland for Bangor.

FROM

Taylor Smith, of Provincetown, Willey, Portland for Bangor.

FROM

Mary A. Lovell, of F. River for Elizabeth.

FROM

Wingfacer, of Wellfleet, Snow, Boston for Bangor.

FROM

Liberty, of and for New York.

FROM

Anna Gardner, Harding, Prov for N.Y.

FROM

Sarah Louisa, of Wellfleet, Newcomb, Boston for Bangor.

FROM

U. S. schooner Sunbeam, which sailed evening of 27th, to cruise, and not to sea, in consequence of heavy weather; she was anchored outside the breakwater last evening.

Notice—To Shipowners and Masters.

Consulate of New York, January 27.

GRANT, January 27.

The Consul of Spain has received from the Principal Secretary of State of Her Catholic Majesty, the following copy of a communication which has lately been made to the Foreign Diplomatic Body resulting at Madrid, and being leave to direct the attention of owners and masters of vessels to the same.

"The government of Her Majesty has been informed that several of the vessels which pass through the waters surrounding the Island of Java, under the jurisdiction of Spain, do not, whilst passing the fortification therein, hoist the flag of the country to which they belong, as is customary every where that a national flag floats, nor show during the night, whilst approaching it, lanterns or other signals, according to the established custom in the neighborhood of all maritime fortifications."

You, sir, cannot fail to appreciate the true importance of this neglect of the marks of courtesy and respect which are invariably shown within the jurisdiction of a foreign vessel, nor the gravity of the consequences which may result from the measures which the government of Spain has determined to take in order to avoid the disagreeable alternatives to which such causes might lead, and to forestall any such misunderstanding upon such a point. I address myself to you, and acquaint you that Her Majesty's government has determined to give the necessary orders to the commander of the fort at Java, to compel, by such measures as he may have at his disposal, all vessels passing by that fortification, within cannon shot, to observe the regulations appointed in such cases. I therefore entreat you, sir, to contribute, by bringing this notice to the knowledge of the government, which you so worthily represent, towards its reaching the subjects of your nation, in order that they may observe, according to a strict responsibility, those practices sanctioned by international laws, which the Queen, my sovereign, has properly regarded in transmitting to the military authorities of Java the orders referred to above."

V. P. ALONSO DE LARRANOA, Consul.

TRY TO WHICH THEY BELONG, AS IS CUSTOMARY every where that a national flag floats, nor show during the night, whilst approaching it, lanterns or other signals, according to the established custom in the neighborhood of all maritime fortifications."

You, sir, cannot fail to appreciate the true importance of this neglect of the marks of courtesy and respect which are invariably shown within the jurisdiction of a foreign vessel, nor the gravity of the consequences which may result from the measures which the government of Spain has determined to take in order to avoid the disagreeable alternatives to which such causes might lead, and to forestall any such misunderstanding upon such a point. I address myself to you, and acquaint you that Her Majesty's government has determined to give the necessary orders to the commander of the fort at Java, to compel, by such measures as he may have at his disposal, all vessels passing by that fortification, within cannon shot, to observe the regulations appointed in such cases. I therefore entreat you, sir, to contribute, by bringing this notice to the knowledge of the government, which you so worthily represent, towards its reaching the subjects of your nation, in order that they may observe, according to a strict responsibility, those practices sanctioned by international laws, which the Queen, my sovereign, has properly regarded in transmitting to the military authorities of Java the orders referred to above."

V. P. ALONSO DE LARRANOA, Consul.

TRY TO WHICH THEY BELONG, AS IS CUSTOMARY every where that a national flag floats, nor show during the night, whilst approaching it, lanterns or other signals, according to the established custom in the neighborhood of all maritime fortifications."

You, sir, cannot fail to appreciate the true importance of this neglect of the marks of courtesy and respect which are invariably shown within the jurisdiction of a foreign vessel, nor the gravity of the consequences which may result from the measures which the government

Ambrotypes

СЛУЖБЕНИ НАПОМЕНЕ

AND
AMBIOTYPE ROOMS, for 1859.
J. APPLEBY WILLIAMS wishes to give notice to his numerous friends in Newport and all the adjoining towns, that he has associated in connection with himself, **W. GERRIT FETTER**, Artist, from Providence, for the purpose of carrying on all the big orders of the Photographic art on the most extensive scale.

As there have been some great improvements in the manner of producing life-like pictures, the undersigned wish to announce that they are now prepared to take likenesses

and with every desire, in a most perfect and
 useful manner, as their specimens at their
 rooms will show. The public are cordially
 invited to call and examine pictures of chil-
 dren, taken almost instantly, with their quick-
 machine. All pictures warranted to suit.
 We have on hand a full assortment of
 Lockets, Frames, Fancy Boxes, &c.
 Rooms 1st of Parade, near the Fountain,
 corner of Thames street.
 J. APPLEBY WILLIAMS.

147 P. T. GRIFFITH.

THE LIVER
INVIGORATOR.

PREPARED BY DR. ANFORD.

Compounded Entirely from herbs,
One of the best Purgative and Liver Med-
icines now before the public, that acts
as a Cathartic, easier, milder, and more ef-
fectual than any other medicine known. It
is not only a Cathartic, but a Liver remedy,
acting first on the Liver to eject its morbid
matter, then on the stomach and bowels to pur-
ge that matter, thus accomplishing two cur-

posures effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it is the power of the system and when its functions are impaired, the system is almost entirely dependent upon the Liver for the proper performance of its functions. The Liver is the seat of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it is the power of the system and when its functions are impaired, the system is almost entirely dependent upon the Liver for the proper performance of its functions. The Liver is the seat of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it is the power of the system and when its functions are impaired, the system is almost entirely dependent upon the Liver for the proper performance of its functions.

noted that both the Lewis and Clark expedition and the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition were the first time that the entire nation was united in celebrating the same event. The president proclaimed the date to be a national day of thanksgiving and prayer, and the nation was united in celebrating the same event. The president proclaimed the date to be a national day of thanksgiving and prayer, and the nation was united in celebrating the same event.

Only one dose taken before
MEAL.

[illegible]

POWERS' complaints "yielded" to one or two doses, ended at 12. Children: there is no cure, the world, at all, is awful. A few bottles cured all ailments. What a pleasure in comparing the FEWER and the FEWER of a BILL, with our duty, and then, wonder, at all, is awful.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR
IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY,
and is daily working cures, almost too
great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even
the first case giving benefit and seldom more.

than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common Headache, all which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

Price one dollar per bottle.

SANFORD & Co., Proprietors, 345 Bro

Wholesale Agents:
Barnes & Park, New York; T. W. Dray
& Sons, Philadelphia; M. S. Burr & Co., Bos-
ton; H. H. Hay & Co., Portland; John
Clark, Cincinnati; Gaylord & Hammon
Cleveland; Robinson & Co.,

Cleveland; Farnestock & Davis, Chicago; C
 J. Wood & Co., St. Louis; George H. Kayse
 Pittsburgh; S. S. Hance, Baltimore. And
 retailed by all Druggists. Sold also by
 117 HAZARD & CASWELL.

**A FINE HEAD OF
RICH GLOSSY HAIR**
Talk of beauty, it cannot exist without
fine head of hair, then read the following, and
if you ask more, see circular around each bot-
tle, and no one can doubt.

can the restoration of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all untoward eruptions, and restores the scalp to its original condition.

On the scalp, it causes a continual flow of the natural fluids; and hence, if used as a regular dressing, for the hair, will preserve its color and keep it from falling to extreme old age in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the grey, or diseased scalp, to use it; and surely the young will not, as they say,

The agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Restorative, a few weeks

DEER BEVER, Conn., July 23, 1856.
Mr. Leavenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out scurf and hair together. I saw in a No.

March paper about Wood's Hair Restorative
has cured. I called at your store on the 15
of April last, and purchased one bottle to try
it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the
thing; it removed the scurf and the hair be-
gan to grow, it is now two or three inches in

length where it was all off. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two bottles more by Mr. Post, the bearer of this. I don't know as any of the kind is used in this place. You may have a market for many bottles after it is known here.

Yours with respect, RUFUS PRATT.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9, 1856.

PURR WOOD—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head

almost lost its covering—in fact BALD. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any beneficial result, and this is the first one that has

Whatever I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it. Yours respectfully
D. R. THOMAS, M. D.

OVER Coats—Another lot of Over Coats just received at HAMMETT'S Clothing

GRANDEBATES.—Just received a nice

lot of Cranberries, and for sale at W. E. DEN'S, 16 Market Square. d21

(MUSIQUE) d'Oeuvres, for the Violin and Piano Forte, by Rodé, at, 313. CITY MUSICSTORE.

MARYLAND and Virginia Corn—3000
bushels Maryland Corn; 3000 bushels
Virginia do., in store, and for sale by
JL. PERRY & STEVENS.

Medicines.

J. RUSSELL SPALDING
ROSEMARY

Combines everything required to give richness, beauty and elegance to the hair. It removes dandruff, and relieves headache. To force the growth, to prevent falling off, and restore hair to bald places, it has been used with positive success. It is presented to the public in an open, candid manner, stating, as the name indicates the leading ingredients, viz:—

ABRAM A. THUAS, Esq., Rotterdam, N. Y., writes—"Am 76 years of age, and was bald 35 years; have used two bottles of your Rosemary, and my hair is now two inches long."

REV. SYLVANUS COBB, Boston, Mass.—“We had rather pay for it than have other preparations for nothing,” &c.

MRS. D. TART, Cambridge, Mass.—“Have used your Rosemary with great success in keeping my hair black, as age was turning it fast.”

MR. DANIEL B. CONNOR, Boston, Mass.—
"Eight months ago I was bald—my hair is
now long and healthy—I know your Rose-
mary has forced it to grow," &c.
OSCAR E. DODGE, Esq., Vocalist, now of
Cleveland, Ohio—"It gives a rapid growth
and dark glossy texture, and does not soil the
hat or pillow in the least; I know of nothing
so valuable for the hair."

Francis Adams, Esq., Boston, Mass.—
"It is the best thing for children's hair—the
ladies are delighted with it," &c.
Rev. C. W. DENISON, Buffalo, N. Y.—
"I find it excellent for the hair."
Mrs. L. SWENEY, Boston, Mass.—"It re-
stores baldness and improves the hair."

HON. C. HUNT, Lowell, Mass.—"To remove dandruff, and keep the hair moist and glossy, we have never found anything so good."

M. HOFFMAN, Esq., (Editor of German

C. H. STOCKING, Esq. (Trinity College, Hartford, Ct.)—"By using it my hair turned from a sandy to a brown color; it was natural, and gave beauty and splendor—is better than European articles," &c.

ally dry, but it is now moist."
A. F. Wood, Chemist, New Haven, Conn.
—"I saw a fair head of very dark hair on
man that six weeks ago was bald. He had
used nothing but your Rosemary." &c.
REVERE HOUSE, Boston, July, 1867. "
had no more hair on my head than an infant

seven months ago. It is now thick, healthy, growing rapidly, and of a fine, dark color. I can positively say that J. RUSSELL SPALLING'S Rosemary, obtained at 27 Tremont street, opposite the Museum, has produced this change."—SAMUEL J. LOUD.

More extracts could be added if room admitted. If you are not satisfied, TRY IT. Inquire for J. RUSSELL SPALDING Rosemary, and take no other. Every bottle genuine has the fac-simile signature of the Proprietor on it.

ALSO FOR SALE,
BOTTLED BY THE PROPRIETOR

CLINTON'S HAIR DYE—For giving
perfect black or brown to any hair.
HAIR REMOVER—For taking off super-
fluous hair.
J. RUSSELL SPAULDING,
No. 27 TREMONT STREET,
Boston, Mass.

where all orders should be addressed.
Sold by HAZARD & CASWELL &
R. J. TAYLOR.

**FOSTER'S PATENT TREE PR
TECTOR.**

THIS simple, ingenious and cheap compound is the only positive cure for CANCER, WORMS, and other Insects, which has been offered to the public. It meets with universal approval. To see it, is to be convinced of its utility, and all who have Fruit and Ornamental Trees infected with Insects, of

The Subscriber having purchased the absolute right for the Island of Rhode Island, and vicinity, is now prepared to put them on the market in all kinds of trees and shrubs. Trees of any description, at short notice and at low prices. W. H. BLISS,

**LADIES' DELIGHT!
RELIEF COME AT LAST.**
J. WISNER'S Washing Machine,
tentd Sept. 26th, 1854, is a large
with zinc fitted on the bottom, also on the

derside of the rubber. It stands on a etc
and weighs about 25lbs; is simple and has
and has been thoroughly examined and
by thousands at the West within the
year, who pronounce it to be the best le
saver ever offered to the public. It has
tested sufficiently long to prove that wh

ever it has been used properly, it will tell a better story for itself than I can communicate. Give it a trial, and you will be entirely satisfied of its superior merit.

A. G. GREENE, Agent,
a3 No. 13 Church st., Newport, R. I.

WINTER SUPPLY
OF
CHOICE AND FRESH
GROCERIES,
Wholesale and Retail.

NEWTON BROTHERS have now
store their usual seasonable suppl
choice and fresh Groceries, most of w
have recently been received by the sloop
hard and schooner Elisha Brooks.
All Goods will be sold at the lo

LUMBER for cash, to suit the times—
 A subscriber has now on hand at Hammon
 Lumber Yard, bought at the lowest rates—

past season, together with the balance of
years' stock, a good assortment of East
and Western seasoned Lumber, which he
sell the whole or in part, as may be wanted
for cash or short credit, at low prices.
One desiring to purchase, for use or
trade, are invited to examine the above

of the subscriber to close out the entire
by the coming Spring, previous to a change
of arrangements in his present business.

ALBERT HAMMETT,
Proprietor of Hammett's Lumber Yard

CAMPBELL Tea with Glycerine, for
ped hands, roughness of the skin,
lips, &c., for sale by
H22. **HAZARD & CASWELL**
AGENTS WANTED

THE LITTLE CHAMPION
GAS BURNER

IS the greatest invention of the age, breaking the pressure of the gas; increasing its velocity; giving a steady flow through the jets; preventing all waste and blow-out; and producing perfect combustion.

G. P. Responsible Gas Fitters or others,
 ing the agency in any city, will please
 for particulars to.
 FREDERICK WRIGHT,
 130-14th 19 Beaver street, New York

N **HW** Buckwheat of extra quality, for
by
p. **JOHN D. DENNIS**
22 Broad-street

G **EN PS** low priced lined calf gloves
du **LANGLEY & NOILMAN**

50 PICKING very choice Western B
at MAXELL'S, 207 Thro...